

New Jersey Institute of Technology - Mechanical Engineering Program

ME-637
KINEMATICS OF PLANAR AND SPATIAL MECHANISMS
Dr. Fischer

Open to mechanical-engineering graduate students.

Prerequisites: Knowledge of matrix algebra, undergraduate dynamics. Previous study of kinematics or robot mechanics would be helpful but is not necessary.

Primary Reference (not required) Ian S. Fischer Dual-Number Methods in Kinematics, Statics and Dynamics CRC Press LLC, Boca Raton FL, 1999, ISBN 0-8493-9115-6

Additional References

Beggs: *Kinematics*

Bottema & Roth: *Theoretical Kinematics*

Craig: *Introduction of Robotics, Mechanics and Controls*

Duffy: *Analysis of Mechanisms and Robot Manipulators*

Hartenberg & Denavit: *Kinematic Synthesis of Linkages*

Hunt: *Kinematic Geometry of Mechanisms*

McCarthy: *Introduction to Theoretical Kinematics* Paul: *Robot Manipulators*

Sandor & Erdman: *Advanced Mechanism Design*

Erdman: *Modern Kinematics, Kinematics in the Last Forty Years*

Definitions of the dual number, dual angle, dual vector, dual velocity and dual force.

Coordinate transformations and Euler angles

Matrix modeling of links and joints

Displacement analysis of mechanisms

Application to planar four-bar, spherical four-bar, Cardan joint, general spatial four-bar, robotic manipulators

Numerical methods - dual-number Newton-Raphson method

Origin displacement equation

Calculation of translational displacements

Velocity analysis (dual velocity)

Application to planar four-bar, general spatial four-bar, generalized slider-crank, planar slider-crank, robotic manipulators

Midterm examination

Static force analysis (dual force)

Application to general spatial four-bar, planar four-bar, planar slider-crank, robotic manipulators

Dynamic force analysis (dual momentum)

Application to general spatial four-bar, planar slider-crank

Final examination

(Applications include RCCC, RSSR, RSSP, robotic manipulators, etc.)

This course is basically concerned with the dual-number coordinate-transformation matrix modeling of spatial mechanisms such as shaft couplings, spatial four-bars, spatial slider cranks and robotic manipulators.

The instructor reserves the right to change the syllabus at any time without notice.